

Pupil premium strategy statement – Grazeley Parochial Primary School

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the outcomes for disadvantaged pupils last academic year.

School overview

Detail	Data
Number of pupils in school	207
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	10.7%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers	2022-2025
Date this statement was published	16/12/2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	16/12/2025
Statement authorised by	Jane Critchlow
Pupil premium lead	Julie Easton
Governor / Trustee lead	Clare Payne

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£39,180
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£39,180

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

At Grazeley, we strive for all our disadvantaged pupils to make the progress needed to be the best they can be, **meet age related expectations** and prepare them for education beyond primary school. We want to prioritise the importance of **high-quality teaching** through the embedding of the Grazeley Eight pedagogies and we recognise the impact this has on disadvantaged pupils. Whole school initiatives such as **phonics** and **curriculum development** support our school development objectives.

We place huge importance on **pastoral and mental health support** as we understand that children who are not feeling safe and happy will not achieve their full potential. The **attendance** of these pupils is also vital and we use funding to support whole families within our school community.

We understand the potential barriers faced by pupils and we continually adapted our practice to ensure we address these; including adapting our curriculum offer. We ensure that:

We use evidence-based approaches and measure progress using a range of methods.



All staff are aware of the approaches we use and take responsibility for outcomes.

All staff have high expectations for disadvantaged pupils

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge	Detail of challenge
number	
1	Accelerate progress to secure age-related expectations.
	Accelerate progress to support learning for pupils who have had disrupted schooling due to the pandemic and historic staffing difficulties ensuring all disadvantaged children meet age related expectations.
	Overall progress and attainment in reading, writing and maths in both KS1 and KS2 indicates that there is a significant gap between outcomes for disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils. Writing outcomes were particularly poor in KS1.
2	Social, Emotional and Mental Health.
	Support mental health and well-being to help behaviours for learning as children move through their schooling. Teacher referrals for emotional literacy and nurture support have increased this academic year
3	Attendance.
	Maintain improvements with attendance, support small groups of persistent absentees and significant minority groups. Attendance for children eligible for PP is 88.2%
4	Curriculum.
	Improve curriculum sequencing to ensure that children know and remember prior learning. Teachers will consistently identify gaps in knowledge and plan targeted support so that all children are ready for the next stage of their education. Teaching will be of high quality and inclusive. This includes consideration of what is taught in Reception and how this prepares children to be ready for Year 1.



Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Learning needs identified for pupils in KS2 addressed and attainment gaps closed.	APDR cycle used to identify and support children through high quality teaching using the Grazeley 8 Children eligible for PPG in KS2 make accelerated progress, at least in- line with their peers. Children eligible for PPG in Years 4, 5 and 6 are at expected levels or
Reading and phonics prioritised in KS1 and children eligible for PPG achieve strong outcomes in Reading to prepare them for KS2.	higher in Reading, Writing and Maths.Phonics attainment of children eligible for PPG to be at least in-line with national figures.Maintain improvements in % in phonics for next 3 years to support improvements in reading across the school.
Improved behaviours for learning and well-being across the school.	Data gathered from pupil survey shows positive trends. Social and emotional learning to be targeted and personalised according to the data gathered. Improvements in attendance and outcomes as a result over the next 3 years.
Children eligible for PPG attend school regularly, including extracurricular activities	Sustained high attendance from 2023-2024 demonstrated by: Children eligible for PPG make accelerated progress and attendance figures are above 95%. % of persistent absentees is reduced over the next 3 years. % of children eligible for PPG attending extracurricular activities increases. Parents access pastoral support in school and attend school-run workshops and events.



Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium funding **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £8,430

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Leadership of high quality phonics provision.	EEF Findings: Phonics has a positive impact overall (+5 months) with very extensive evidence and is an important component in the development of early reading skills, particularly for children	1, 4
Annual subscription to Read, Write Inc.	from disadvantaged backgrounds.	
In-person training for all staff (including KS2). Phonics leader's dedicated	The teaching of phonics should be explicit and systematic to support children in making connections between the sound patterns they hear in words and the way that these words are written.	
daily time to mentor and coach all staff delivering phonics.	The teaching of phonics should be matched to children's current level of skill in terms of their phonemic awareness and their knowledge of letter sounds and patterns (graphemes).	
for pupils who require it	Phonics improves the accuracy of the child's reading but not necessarily their comprehension. It is important that children are successful in making progress in all aspects of reading including comprehension, the development of vocabulary and spelling, which should also be taught explicitly	
Curriculum development.	Ofsted note that the "curriculum lies at the heart of education."	1,4
Cornerstones curriculum package adapted to suit local need	https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/curriculumresear ch-reviews	
On-going staff CPD on high quality teaching- Grazeley eight pedagogies	The EEF note 5 daily strategies to implement high quality teaching https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/news/eefblog-	
CPD for all staff on supporting specific learning needs e.g. dyslexia and SALT	five-a-day-to-improve-send-outcomes	
	Centre for Research in Early Childhood: https://earlyexcellence.com/wpcontent/uploads/2018/01/EX_ CREC_TheHundredReview.pdf	



Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support, structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £24,678

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Support staff deployment: additional TA support in Y1 and FS to address needs early in school for PP and SEND children, afternoon for delivering evidence-based interventions.	Riika Hofmann & Sonia Ille 'A Theory-Led Evaluation of a Scalable Intervention to Promote Evidence-based, Research Informed Practice in Schools to Address Attainment Gaps.' Education Sciences, 2022, Vol 12, Issue 5.	1, 2
Daily 1:1 phonics tutoring Freshstart Phonics 1.5 hours a day 4 afternoons a week	EFF state the importance of grasping phonics early. https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence/teaching- learning-toolkit/phonics	1,4
SALT trained HLTA delivering programmes and intervention for individuals supported by CYPIT and local speech unit teacher	EEF oral language interventions https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education- evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/oral-language-interventions	1,4
Foundary College Support for learning behaviours for specific groups of children	EEF Behaviour Interventions Report https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/educationevidence	2,3



Wider strategies (for example, wellbeing)

related to attendance, behaviour,

Budgeted cost: £14,502

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Family Support Advisor –4 mornings per week. Additional Nurture trained TA	Family support has been used to strengthen involvement of parents in their child's academic life as a means of preventing academic failure and other problem behaviours. https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/abs/10.1606/1044-3894.113	2, 3
Additional parent information sessions sharing curriculum content & information relating to attendance and access to the curriculum	EEF Supporting family Communications https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/leadership- and-planning/supporting-attendance/communicate-effectively-with-families	2, 3
Sensory Circuits	Sensory Integration is the process by which the brain receives, organises and processes all the information received from the senses. Children with sensory processing difficulties (1 in 6) often struggle to engage effectively with the physical, social, emotional and curricular challenges of the school day. Sensory circuits aims to enable children to have the best start to their day. https://www.childrenschoicetherapy.co.uk/sensory-circuits/	3
Contingency to cover extracurricular activities and school trips. £3,235	Extra-curricular activities help students to learn about themselves and develop and use their skills and knowledge in different contexts. https://absolutely-education.co.uk/ benefits-ofextracurricular-ativities/#: ~:text=According%20to%20 numerous%20studies%2C%20stdents,will%20benefit%20them%20for%20life. We will allocate funds to cover the full cost of all school trips and an additional £100 per child to enable them to access after school clubs and other activities that incur a cost.	2, 3



Part B: Review of the previous academic year

Outcomes for disadvantaged pupils

Outcomes for disadvantaged children show that at least 25% are working at age related expectations. Although pupil progress meetings highlight that in most cases where children are working below age related expectations, these children are also disadvantaged. The gap between disadvantaged and not is significant.

Overall, end of KS2 outcomes showed that of the 4 children eligible for PPG, 0% met age related expectations (ARE) in writing, or reading and 25% met age related expectations in maths. 0% were at ARE in combined reading, writing and maths. No disadvantaged children at Grazeley achieved greater depth. The national outcomes for disadvantaged pupils in KS2 were: reading 60%, writing 58%, maths 59% and combined 44%. This is a reduction of 100% from the previous year when Grazeley PPG data met or exceeded national data.

The end of KS1 outcomes showed that of the 4 children eligible for PPG, 25% met ARE in writing, 50% met ARE in reading and 50% met ARE in maths. No disadvantaged children achieved greater depth. The national KS1 outcomes for disadvantaged children were: reading 54%, writing 44%, maths 56%. This shows that reading and maths results remain line with national, but the writing outcomes are of concern and are well below the national figures.

In Year One phonics screening, outcomes for disadvantaged pupils (2 children) showed a 50% pass rate. The national attainment of expected standard in phonics screening nationally were: 67% for disadvantaged and 83% for not disadvantaged. Grazeley is just below the national figure.

In Reception, outcomes for disadvantaged pupils (4 children) the number of children eligible for PPG who achieved their 'Good Level of Development' (GLD) was 25%. The national EYFS outcomes for disadvantaged children were 67.2%. Grazeley is below the national figure. Conclusions are that although the previous PP strategy was starting to show positive impact, this year's data is not as positive. Improving writing remains a focus for PPG children.